BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS FIRE DISTRICT NUMBER TWO BORO OF BUENA ATLANTIC COUNTY MINOTOLA VOLUNTEER FIRE COMPANY Audit Report

For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS FIRE DISTRICT NUMBER TWO BORO OF BUENA ATLANTIC COUNTY MINOTOLA VOLUNTEER FIRE COMPANY

Audit Report

For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

INDEX

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	PAGE 1,2
MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Required Supplementary Information)	3-6
GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS EXHIBIT A-Statement of Net Assets	7
EXHIBIT B-Statement of Activities	8
EXHIBIT C-Statement of Cash Flows	9
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
SCHEDULE 1-Combined Balance Sheet-All Fund Types and Account Groups	10
SCHEDULE 2-Statement of Changes in Fund Balances-Governmental Funds	11
SCHEDULE 3-Statement of Revenues and Expenditures-Governmental Funds	12
SCHEDULE 4-Statement of Revenues and Expenditures-Budget and Actual General Fund	13
SCHEDULE 5-Statement of Revenues and Expenditures-Budget and Actual Debt Service Fund	14
SCHEDULE 6-Statement of Amount to be Provided for Retirement of Debt-General Long Term Debt Account Group	15
SCHEDULE 7-Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	16
SCHEDULE 8-Schedule of Federal/State Awards	17
SCHEDULE 9-Schedule of Property, Plant and Equipment	18
SCHEDULE 10-Schedule of Miscellaneous Supplemental Information	19
REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS	20,21
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	22-27
GENERAL COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS	20

Martini & Martini
A Professional Association

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

REGISTERED MUNICIPAL ACCOUNTANTS
FINANCIAL CONSULTANTS

William J. Martini, Sr., CPA William J. Martini, Jr., CPA, RMA, MS* John R. Martini, CPA, CFP

*Certified in NJ & PA with a Masters

Board of Commissioners Fire District Number Two Boro of Buena, Atlantic County Minotola Volunteer Fire Company

Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements (Exhibits A through C) of Fire District No. Two of the Boro of Buena, in the County of Atlantic, State of New Jersey, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2012. These general-purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the Fire District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general-purpose financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and in compliance with audit requirements as prescribed by the Bureau of Authority Regulation, Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As described in Note 1, the Fire District has implemented a new financial reporting model as required by the provisions of GASB Statement No. 34 Basic Financial Statements-and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments, as of December 31, 2004.

In our opinion, basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Fire District Number Two of the Boro of Buena, in the County of Atlantic, State of New Jersey as of December 31, 2012 and the results of its operations for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated May 25, 2013, on our consideration of Minotola Volunteer Fire Company's internal control structure over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal controls over financial reporting and compliance and results of that compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

1

The accompanying management's discussion and analysis and supplementary information contained in schedules 1-11 and budgetary comparison information as listed in the table of contents are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted primarily of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Minotola Volunteer Fire Company's financial statements as a whole. The supplementary information section is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the State of New Jersey's Office of Management and Budget Circular 04-04, Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid and are not a required part of the financial statements. These schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Martin + Hartin

Vineland, NJ May 25, 2013

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
Required Supplementary Information

As management of the Board of Fire Commissioners Fire District No. 2, we offer readers of the Board of Commissioners Fire District No. 2's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Board of Fire Commissioners Fire District No. 2 for the year ended December 31, 2012. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Board of Fire Commissioners Fire District No. 2's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review the information furnished in the notes to the basic financial statements along with the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the Board of Fire Commissioners Fire District No. 2's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

- 1. The assets of the Board of Fire Commissioners Fire District No. 2 exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent year by \$426,971 (net assets), an increase of \$51,973 in comparison with the prior year.
- 2. At the end of the current year, the unreserved fund balance for the general fund was \$101,689, a \$6,178 decrease from the prior year.
- 3. The total debt of Board of Fire Commissioners Fire District No. 2 decreased by \$12,621.

Overview of Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Board of Fire Commissioners Fire District No. 2's basic financial statements. The Board of Fire Commissioners Fire District No. 2's basic financial statements comprise two components, (1) financial statements and, (2) notes to the basic financial statements.

Financial Statements. The financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Board of Fire Commissioners Fire District No. 2's finances, in a manner similar to a private sector business.

The Statement of Net Assets presents information on all of the Board of Fire Commissioners Fire District No. 2's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Board of Fire Commissioners Fire District No. 2 is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the Board of Fire Commissioners Fire District No. 2's net assets changed during the most recent year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future periods.

The Statement of Cash Flows presents information showing how cash of the fire district was used during the year.

The financial statements distinguish functions of the Board of Fire Commissioners Fire District No. 2 that are principally supported by taxes. The activities of the Board of Fire Commissioners Fire District No. 2 include fire-fighting and emergency services that are provided to the citizens of the Board of Fire Commissioners Fire District No. 2.

Fund Financial Statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Board of Fire Commissioners Fire District No. 2, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Board of Fire Commissioners Fire District No. 2 constitute one fund type, governmental funds.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
Required Supplementary In formation

Governmental Funding. All of the Board of Fire Commissioners Fire District No. 2's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds, and the balances left at year end available for spending in the future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called the modified accrual basis of accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Board of Fire Commissioners Fire District No. 2's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Government fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance fire-fighting services.

Also, the Board of Fire Commissioners Fire District No. 2 adopts an annual budget in accordance with N.J.S.A. 40A:14:78-3. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the district—wide and fund financial statements. The notes to financial statements are an integral part of the financial statements.

Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, the net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In this case, the Board of Fire Commissioners Fire District No. 2's assets exceeded liabilities by \$426,971 at the close of the most recent year.

The largest portion of the Board of Fire Commissioners Fire District No. 2's assets reflects its cash (59%). The Board of Fire Commissioners Fire District No. 2 uses these assets to provide fire-fighting services to the citizens of the Board of Fire Commissioners Fire District No. 2 consequently these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Board of Fire Commissioners Fire District No. 2's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the Board of Fire Commissioners Fire District No. 2's assets (50%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

In total, assets of governmental activities increased by \$41,489 primarily due to excess of expenses over revenue. For the 2012 year, capital assets are reported net of accumulated depreciation and as of December 31, 2012 was \$120,953.

Governmental Activities. The Statement of Activities shows the cost of the governmental activities program services and the charges for services and grants offering those services.

Property taxes constituted 99% of revenues for government activities for the Fire District for the year 2012.

Cost of Operations and maintenance comprises 67% of the fire district expenses, with retirement expenses comprising 12%. Depreciation expense totaled 21%, and interest expense totaled .07%.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
Required Supplementary In formation

Financial Analysis of the Government Funds

As stated above, Board of Fire Commissioners Fire District No. 2 uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The focus of the Board of Commissioners Fire District No. 2's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Board of Fire Commissioners Fire District No. 2's financing requirements. In particular, the unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the year and as a useful measure of permitting a governmental unit to maintain cash flow in anticipation of tax collections.

As of the end of the current year, the Board of Fire Commissioners Fire District No. 2's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$296,978, an increase of \$67,448 in comparison with the prior year.

Of the combined ending fund balances of \$296,978, the unreserved fund balance constituted \$101,689. Of the unreserved fund balance, \$0 has been utilized in the 2012 budget for the Board of Fire Commissioners Fire District No. 2. The remainder of the unreserved fund balance in the amount of \$101,689 is available for future contingencies during 2013.

The general fund is the main operating fund of the Board of Fire Commissioners Fire District No. 2. At the end of the current year, the unreserved fund balance of the general fund was \$101,689, while the total fund balance was \$296,978.

The fund balance of the Board of Fire Commissioners Fire District No. 2's general fund increased by \$67,488 during the current year. Key factors are as follows:

- 1. The Board of Fire Commissioners Fire District No. 2 spent more than anticipated in the 2012 budget category maintenance & repairs-truck by \$8,473.
- 2. The Board of Fire Commissioners Fire District No. 2 spent less than anticipated in the 2012 budget category truck emergency by \$63,068. These excess funds will be used for the purchase of a new fire truck planned in 2013.
- 3. The Board of Fire Commissioners Fire District No. 2 spent less than anticipated in the 2012 budget category small equipment by \$11,007.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The key items of variance from the original budget are indicated above.

The final budgetary basis revenue estimate was \$175,261. The original budgetary estimate was same.

The final budgetary basis expenditures appropriation estimate was \$175,261. The original budgetary estimate was the same.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
Required Supplementary In formation

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

The Board of Fire Commissioners Fire District No. 2's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of December 31, 2012 amounts to \$120,953 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes building improvements, vehicles and firefighting equipment. The Board of Fire Commissioners Fire District No. 2 did not acquire any capital assets during 2012.

At the end of 2012, the Board of Fire Commissioners Fire District No. 2 had \$1,193,961 invested in building improvements, vehicles and firefighting equipment. The accumulated depreciation on these items was \$1,073,008.

Long Term Obligations

For the 2012 year, the Board of Fire Commissioners Fire District No. 2 had no debt. Debt of the fire district was due to Sun National Bank for the purchase of a rescue truck. The balance paid off on the rescue truck was \$12,621 as of December 31, 2012.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

For the 2012 year the Board of Fire Commissioners Fire District No. 2 was able to sustain its budget through the district levy and other sources of revenue. Approximately 99% of total revenue is from the local tax levy, while the remaining 1% is from grants and miscellaneous sources.

The Board of Fire Commissioners Fire District No. 2 adopted the 2013 budget January 15, 2013 and the voters subsequently approved the budget at the annual fire district election held on February 16, 2013.

Statement of Net Assets December 31, 2012

	Reference	
Assets		
Cash/Cash Equivalents	Exhibit C	\$ 38,220
Restricted Cash	Exhibit C	227,046
Insurance Receivable		18,250
Grant/Taxes Receivable	A-1-1-1-	46,682
Capital Assets, net	Schedule 9	120,950
Total Assets		¢ 454.45,
13.11.7.0000		\$ 451,15°
Liabilities		
Accounts Payable		\$ 24,180
Total Liabilities		24,180
Net Assets		
Invested in Capital Assets		
Net of Related Debt	Schedule 2	120,953
Restricted for:		,
Debt Service	Schedule 2	9,040
Unrestricted/Reserved	Schedule 2	296,978
Total Net Assets	Schedule 2	426,971
Total Liabilities/Net Assets		\$ 451,151
		BOUNDARD STATE OF THE PARTY OF

Statement of Activities
For The Year Ended December 31, 2012

Reference

Revenues	Kelerence		
Grants			\$ 862
District Taxes			186,728
Total Revenues			187,590
Expenses			
Operating Expenses			
Operating/Maintenance		88,744	
LOSAP Contributions		15,991	
Total	Schedule 4		404 705
Interest on Long Term Notes	correduce 1		104,735
Depreciation Expense			87
Total Operating Expenses			28,135
			132,957
Operating Revenue Over/(Under)			
Expenses			54,633
Non Operating Revenues/(Expenses)			
Miscellaneous Income			
Interest on Investments			545
Total Change in Net Assets			544
			55,722
Net Assets-January 1	Schedule 2		374,999
			074,000
Adjustments	Schedule 2		(3,749)
Not Appete December 24		,	, , , , ,
Net Assets-December 31	Schedule 2		\$ 426,971

Statement of Cash Flows
For The Year Ended December 31, 2012

Reference

	<u>Reference</u>		
Cash Flows From Operating Activities			
District Taxes		\$	140,04€
Grants Received			862
Payments to Vendors Payments for Benefits			(102,554
Other Receipts			(22,042
Payments for Interest			1,089
Cash Provided/(Used) in Operating		-	(87
Activities			17,314
			17,514
Cash Flows from Capital/Related			
Financing Activities			
Payments on Long Term Debts			(12,621
Cash Provided/(Used) in Financing			
Activities			(12,621
Total Cook Descrided ((Users))			
Total Cash Provided/(Used)			4,692
Cash and Equivalents-Beginning			260,574
		-	200,574
Cash & Equivalents @ December 31		¢.	205 200
0		\$	265,266
Reconciliation of Cash			
Cash/Cash Equivalents	Exhibit A	\$	38,220
Restricted Cash	Exhibit A		227,046
Total Cash		\$	265,266
B			***************************************
Reconciliation of Revenues Over/(Under) Expenses to Cash Flows from Operating			
Activities			
Net Income	Exhibit B	\$	55,722
Adjustments for Non Cash Items:		Ψ	55,722
Depreciation Expense	Schedule 9		28,135
Increase/Decrease-Receivables, Deferred			,
Charge Increase/Decrease-Accounts Payable,			(64,932)
Accrued expenses, etc.			(4.044)
Cash provided/(used) in Operating			(1,611)
Activities		\$	17,314
		4	11,017

Minotola Volunteer Fire Company

Combined Balance Sheet
All Fund Types and Account Groups
December 31, 2012

	Governmental Fund Types		t Groups	
Assets & Other Debits	General Fund	General Long Term Debt Group	General Fixed Assets	Totals
Assets Cash/Cash Equivalents Restricted Cash Grant/Taxes Receivable Fixed Assets Total Assets	\$ 38,220 227,046 46,682 	\$ - - - -	\$ - - 120,953 120,953	\$ 38,220 227,046 46,682 120,953 432,901
Other Debits Amount to be Provided for Retirement of General Long Term Debt Total Assets & Other Debits	<u>-</u> \$ 311,948	<u> </u>	\$ 120,953	<u>-</u> \$ 432,901
Liabilities, Equities & Other Credits LOSAP Payable Accounts Payable Notes Payable Total Liabilities	\$ 19,740 4,439 	\$ - -	\$ - 	\$ 19,740 4,439
Equity & Other Credits Investment in General Fixed Assets (Net) Fund balances Reserved:	-	-	120,953	120,953
New Truck Death Benefits Truck Emergency LOSAP Unreserved:	9,040 14,983 163,197 17,109		-	9,040 14,983 163,197 17,109
Undesignated Total Equities & Other Credits Total Liabilities, Equities, & Other Credits	101,689 306,018 \$ 330,197		120,953	101,689 426,971
	Ψ 330,197	Ψ -	\$ 120,953	\$ 451,150

Statement of Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For The Year Ended December 31, 2012

General Fund

				- 00	incial i unu				
	eserved- Truck nergency		eserved- Death Benefits		lesignated/ ireserved	F	Reserved- Losap		Total
Fund Balance-Beginning	\$ 106,165	\$	14,835	\$	107,867	\$	664	\$	229,53
Depreciation Expense Amounts Provided for Principal Reduction Current Year Amounts Raised for LOSAP Distributions to be made to Qualified Plans	- - -		-		- - (15,991)		15,991		
for Volunteers Interest Earned Transfer Excess of Current Year Expenses over Revenue	161 56,871		148		15,991 (77,019) 70,842		(19,740) 46 20,148		(3,749 355 70,842
Fund Balance @ December 31	\$ 163,197	\$	14,983	\$	101,689	\$	17,109	\$	296,978
	served- w Truck	Re	bt Service served- uilding		Total		vested in bital Assets	<u>Fu</u>	Total ind Balance
Fund Balance-Beginning	\$ 9,001	\$	-	\$	9,001	\$	136,467	\$	374,999
Depreciation Expense Amounts Provided for Principal Reduction Current Year Amounts Raised for LOSAP Distributions to be made to Qualified Plans	-		-		-		(28,135) 12,621		(28,135 12,621 -
for Volunteers Interest Earned Transfer	-		-		-		-		(3,749 355
Excess of Current Year Expenses over Revenue	 39				39		-	-	70,881
Fund Balance @ December 31	\$ 9,040	\$	_	\$	9,040	\$	120,953	\$	426,971

Statement of Revenues and Expenditures
Governmental Funds
For The Year Ended December 31, 2012

Revenues and Other Financing Sources	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total
Miscellaneous Revenues:			
Grant-Basic Entitlement Interest Income	\$ 862	4	\$ 862
Miscellaneous Revenues:	151	39	189
Miscellaneous Income			
Total Miscellaneous Revenues	545	_	545
District Taxes	1,558	39	1,596
Amount to be Raised by Taxation to Support the District Budget	474040		
Total District Taxes	174,019	12,709	186,728
	174,019	12,709	186,728
Total Revenues	175,577	12,747	188,324
Expenditures Operating & Maintenance Basic Entitlement Expenditures	862		862
Death Benefit	2,400		2,400
Insurance	7,291		7,291
LOSAP	15,991	_	15,991
Maintenance/Repairs-Building	10,381	_	10,381
Maintenance/Repairs-Equipment & Truck	25,473	_	25,473
Miscellaneous Expense	1,810	-	1,810
Office Supplies and Expense	1,259	-	1,259
Professional Expenses	8,928	-	8,928
Small Equipment	993	-	993
Training Utilities/Phone	2,004	-	2,004
Annual Inspection	12,021	-	12,021
Membership Salaries	3,203	-	3,203
Debt Service	12,120		12,120
		12,709	12,709
Total Expenditures	104,735	12,709	117,443
Excess of Revenues over/(under) Expenses	\$ 70,842	\$ 39	\$ 70,881

Minotola Volunteer Fire Company
Statement of Revenues and Expenditures-Budget and Actual

Statement of Revenues and Expenditures-Budget and Actual General Fund For The Year Ended December 31, 2012

			Ge	neral Fund		
		Final				
December 1 and 1 and 1	-	Budget		Actual	_	Variance
Revenues and Other Financing						
Sources						
Miscellaneous Revenues:						
Grant-Basic Entitlement	\$	1,242	\$	862	\$	(380
Interest Income		-		151	+	151
Miscellaneous Revenues: Miscellaneous						
				545		545
Total Miscellaneous Revenues		1,242		1,558		316
District Taxes:						
Amount to be Raised by Taxation to Support the District Budget		474.040		4=4040		
Total District Taxes	-	174,019	_	174,019	_	_
Total Revenues		174,019		174,019	_	_
Total Nevellues		175,261		175,577		316
Expenditures						
Operating & Maintenance						
Truck Emergency		62.000				
Annual Inspection		63,068 6.000		2 202		(63,068)
Basic Entitlement Expenditures		1,242		3,203 862		(2,797)
Death Benefit		1,242		2,400		(380)
Insurance		12,160		7,291		1,200
LOSAP		15,991		15,991		(4,869)
Maintenance/Repairs-Building		9,100		10,381		1,281
Maintenance/Repairs-Equipment/Truck		17,000		25,473		8,473
Membership Salaries		10,700		12,120		1,420
Miscellaneous Expense		1,000		1,810		810
Office Supplies and Expense		1,500		1,259		(241)
Professional Expense		6,000		8,928		2,928
Small Equipment Training		12,000		993		(11,007)
Utilities/Phone		2,300		2,004		(296)
		16,000		12,021		(3,979)
Total Expenditures		175,261		104,735		(70,527)
Excess of Revenues over/(under) Expenditures	\$		\$.	70,842	\$	70,842

Minotola Volunteer Fire Company
Statement of Revenues and Expenditures-Budget and Actual Debt Service Fund For The Year Ended December 31, 2012

	Debt Service Fund			
Revenues and Other Financing Sources		Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Miscellaneous Revenues: Interest Income Total Miscellaneous Revenues	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 33	
District Taxes: Amount to be Raised by Taxation to Support the District Budget Total District Taxes Total Revenues		12,709 12,709 12,709	12,709 12,709 12,747	_
Expenditures Debt Service Total Expenditures Excess of Revenues over Expenditures	\$	12,709 12,709	12,709 12,709 \$ 39	0

Minotola Volunteer Fire Company
Statement of Amount to be Provided for Retirement of Debt
General Long Term Debt Account Group

December 31, 2012

Purpose	
Purchase of Rescue Truck	
Total	

Balance 1/1/12				ond/Note Paid By Budget	Balance 12/31/2012	
\$	12,621	\$ -	\$	12,621	\$	
\$	12,621	\$ -	\$	12,621	\$	

Schedule of Prior Audit Findings
December 31, 2012

ALL PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS WERE CORRECTED

Schedule of Federal/State Awards
December 31, 2012

0	-		-	_	
5	1	А		ᆫ	:

Programs	Grant/Contract Amount		-	Agency or Pass Through Number		Expenditures	
Passed Through Borough of Buena Supplemental Fire Service Act	\$ 80	62	1/1/12-12/31/12	P.L 1985 C. 295		\$	862

Schedule of Property, Plant and Equipment December 31, 2012

We were unable to obtain historical cost amounts for all fixed assets of the fire district as of 12/31/12. However, amounts shown in Schedule 1 of this audit report were obtained from available insurance estimates or other evidence substantiating values at 12/31/89. The amount of equipment (\$1,193,961) in no way represents the true value of all equipment of the district.

Depreciable Assets	Cost		Accumulated Depreciation		Book Value	
Equipment & Vehicles Building Land Total Depreciable Assets	\$ 882,259 294,403 17,299 \$ 1,193,961	\$ 	882,259 190,749 - - 1,073,008	\$	103,654 17,299 120,953	
Depreciation Expense was recorded as follows:		-	1,010,000		120,000	
Depreciation Expense Equipment & Vehicles Building Land	Life 5-7 yrs 40 yrs N/A				preciation Expense 20,775 7,360	
Total Depreciation Expense				\$	28.135	

Property and equipment is recorded at historical cost and is depreciated using the straight line method. Assets purchased in excess of \$5,000 and a useful life in excess of one year are capitalized in accordance with company policy.

Schedule of Miscellaneous Supplemental Information
December 31, 2012

Schedule 10A-Unreserved Fund Balance

Fiscal Year	 Amount	Utilization in Subsequent Budget			
2012	\$ 101,689	\$	101,689	(General Contingencies)	
	\$ 101,689	\$	101,689		

Schedule 10B-Board of Commissioners	Suret	Surety Bond		
Arnold English, Chairman	\$	20,000		
John Gallo, Jr., Secretary/Treasurer	\$	20,000		
Gwynne Brown, Member	\$	-		
Dominic Pace, Member	\$	-		
Jerome Irick, Member	\$	-		

Martini & Martini

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FINANCIAL CONSULTANTS

William J. Martini, Sr., CPA William J. Martini, Jr., CPA, RMA, MS* John R. Martini, CPA, CFP

*Certified in NJ & PA with a Masters Degree in Taxation

May 25, 2013

Board of Fire Commissioners Fire District No. Two Boro of Buena, Atlantic County Buena, New Jersey

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

We have audited the financial statements of Fire District No. 2 of the Boro of Buena in the County of Atlantic, State of New Jersey, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2012. We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and in compliance with audit requirements as prescribed by the Bureau of Authority Regulation, Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered District No. 2 of the Boro of Buena in the County of Atlantic, State of New Jersey's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of District No. 2 of the Boro of Buena in the County of Atlantic, State of New Jersey's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District No. 2 of the Boro of Buena in the County of Atlantic, State of New Jersey's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Fire District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*, and audit requirements as prescribed by the Bureau of Authority Regulation, Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey.

Members:

American Institute of CPA's NJ Society of CPA's AICPA Private Companies Practice Section 1135 E. Chestnut Avenue Vineland, NJ 08360 Phone: 856-691-8934 FAX: 856-696-2256 Website: www.mmcpa.net May 25, 2013 Board of Fire Commissioners

This report is intended for the information of the management of the Fire District and the Bureau of Authority Regulation. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Martin + Hartin

Boro of Buena, Atlantic County Minotola Volunteer Fire Company

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 1-SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Description of Reporting Entity - Fire District No. 2 of the Boro of Buena is a political sub-division of the Boro of Buena, Atlantic County, New Jersey. A board of five commissioners oversees all operations of the Fire District. The length of each commissioner's term is three years with the annual election held the third Saturday of every February.

Fire Districts are governed by N.J.S.A. 40A:14-70 et al. and are organized as a taxing authority charged with the responsibility of providing the resources necessary to provide fire fighting services to the residents within its territorial location.

Basis of Presentation - The financial statements of the Fire District No. 2 of the Boro of Buena have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Fire District's accounting policies are described in this Note.

The Fire District's basic financial statements consist of basic statements, including Statement of Net Assets, Statement of Activities and a Statement of Cash Flows, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Basic Financial Statements - The Statement of Net Assets, Statement of Activities, and Statement of Cash Flows display information about the Fire District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the Fire District. The Statement of Net Assets presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the Fire District at year end. The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the Fire District's governmental activities. The statement of cash flows presents the sources and uses of cash of the Fire District.

Fund Financial Statements- During the year, the Fire District segregates transactions related to certain Fire District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Fire District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a single column. The Fire District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. For fire districts, only, one category of funds exists, that being governmental. The Fire District accounts for its financial transactions through the use of the following funds and account groups:

Governmental Funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Fire District and is used to account for its inflows and outflows of financial resources. The acquisition of certain capital assets, such as fire fighting apparatus and equipment, is accounted for in the General Fund when it is responsible for the financing of such expenditures.

Capital Projects Fund - The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities such as fire houses and fire fighting apparatus. Generally, the financial resources of the Capital Projects Fund are derived from the issuance of debt or by the reservation of fund balance which must be authorized by the voters as a separate question on the ballot either during the annual election or at a special election.

Boro of Buena, Atlantic County Minotola Volunteer Fire Company

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 1-SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Debt Service Fund - The Debt Service Fund is used to account for resources that will be used to service long-term debt liabilities recorded in the General Long-Term Debt Account Group.

Account Groups

General Fixed Assets Account Group - This is not a fund but rather an account group that is used to account for general fixed assets such as land, land improvements, buildings, equipment, and vehicles acquired principally to be used in the operation of the Fire District.

General Long-Term Debt Account Group - This is not a fund but rather an account group that is used to account for the outstanding principal balances of general obligation bonds and other long-term debt of the Fire District.

Measurement Focus

District wide Financial Statements - The district-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the Fire District are included on the Statement of Net Assets.

Fund Financial Statements - All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances reports the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the district-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the district-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Basis of Accounting -Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Basic financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting - The Fire District must adopt an annual budget in accordance with N.J.S.A. 40A:14-78.1 et al.

The fire commissioners must introduce and approve the annual budget not later than sixty days prior to the annual election. At introduction, the commissioners shall fix the time and place for a public hearing on the budget and must advertise the time and place at least ten days prior to the hearing in a newspaper having substantial circulation in the Fire District. The public hearing must not be held less than twenty-eight days after the date the budget was introduced. After the hearing has been held, the fire commissioner may, by majority vote, adopt the budget.

Boro of Buena, Atlantic County Minotola Volunteer Fire Company

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 1-SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Amendments may be made to the Fire District budget in accordance with N.J.S.A 40A:14-78.3. The budget may not be amended subsequent to its final adoption and approval.

Subsequent to the adoption of the Fire District budget, the amount of money to be raised by taxation in support of the Fire District budget must appear on the ballot for the annual election for approval of the legal voters.

Fire Districts have a prescribed budgetary basis to demonstrate legal compliance. However, budgets are adopted on principally the same basis of accounting utilized for the preparation of the Fire District's general purpose financial statements.

Encumbrances - Under encumbrance accounting, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve a portion of the applicable appropriation. Open encumbrances, other than in the special revenue fund, are reported as reservations of fund balances at year end as they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities but rather commitments related to underperformed contracts for goods and services.

Encumbered appropriations carry over into the fiscal year. An entry will be made at the beginning of the next year to increase the appropriation reflected in the adopted budget by the outstanding encumbrance amount as of the current year end.

Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments - Cash and cash equivalents include petty cash, change funds and cash on deposit with public depositories. All certificates of deposit are recorded as cash regardless of the date of maturity. Investments in US obligations are stated at cost, which approximates market value. Fire Districts are required by N.J.S.A. 40A:5-14 to deposit public funds in a bank or trust company having its place of business in the State of New Jersey and organized under the laws of the United States or of the State of New Jersey or with the New Jersey Cash Management Fund. N.J.S.A. 40A:5-15.1 provides a list of investments which may be purchased by Fire Districts.

N.J.S.A. 17:9-42 requires New Jersey governmental units to deposit public funds only in public depositories located in New Jersey, where the funds are secured in accordance with the provisions of the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act ("GUDPA"). GUDPA was enacted in 1970 to protect governmental units from a loss of funds on deposit with a failed banking institution in the State of New Jersey.

Public funds are defined as the funds of any governmental unit. Public depositories include savings and loan institutions, banks (both State and national banks) and savings banks the deposits of which are federally insured. All public depositories must pledge collateral, having a market value of five percent of the average daily balance of collected public funds, to secure the deposits of governmental units. If a public depository fails, the collateral it has pledged, plus the collateral of all other public depositories, is available to pay the full amount of their deposits to the governmental units.

Inventories and Prepaid Expenses - Inventories and prepaid expenses, which benefit future periods, are recorded as expenditures during the year of purchase.

Interfunds - Interfund receivables and payables that arise from transactions between funds that are due within one year are recorded by all funds affected by such transactions in the period in which the transaction is executed.

BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS FIRE DISTRICT NUMBER TWO Boro of Buena, Atlantic County Minotola Volunteer Fire Company

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 1-SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

General Fixed Assets - General fixed assets acquired or constructed are recorded in the General Fixed Assets Group of Accounts at historical cost or estimated historical cost if such cost is not practically determinable, for fixed assets over the amount of \$5,000.

N.J.S.A 40A:14-94 governs the procedures for the acquisition of property and equipment for Fire Districts, and N.J.S.A. 40A:14-85 to 87 governs procedures for the issuance of any debt related to such purchases. In summary, Fire Districts may purchase fire fighting apparatus and equipment and land and buildings to house such property in an amount not exceeding 5 mills on the dollar of the last assessed valuation of property within the district upon the approval of the legal voters. Debts may be issued up to \$60,000 or 2 percent of the assessed valuation of property, whichever is larger.

Long-term Obligations - Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of the Fire District when due, or when resources have been accumulated in the Debt Service Fund for payment early the following year. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of the Fire District. The remaining portion of such obligations is reported in the General Long-Term Debt Account Group.

Revenues and Expenditures - Revenues are recorded when they are determined to be both available and measurable. Generally fees and other non-tax revenues are recognized when received. Grants from other governments are recognized when qualifying expenditures are incurred. Expenditures are recorded when the related liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest on general long-term debt, which is recognized when due.

Fund Equity - Reserves represent those portions of fund equity not available for appropriation for expenditure or legally segregated for a specific future use. Designated fund balances represent plans for future use of financial resources.

Total Columns on Combined Statements - Total columns are captioned only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in these columns do not present financial position, results of operations, or changes in financial position in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund elimination's have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2-RESERVED FUND BALANCE-DEATH BENEFITS

Fund balance-reserved represents a designation by the Board of Fire Commissioners for a "Death" Benefit" for the families of volunteer firemen incurring future casualties.

BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS FIRE DISTRICT NUMBER TWO Boro of Buena, Atlantic County Minotola Volunteer Fire Company

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 3-LENGTH OF SERVICE AWARDS PROGRAM

The Length of Service Awards Program shall provide for fixed annual contributions to a deferred income account for each volunteer member that meets the criteria of the program.

Amounts deferred under the program and all income attributed to the reserve are the exclusive property of the Fire District, subject to the claims of its general creditors. Participants' rights under the plan are equal to those of a general creditor of the Fire District in an amount equal to the fair market value of the deferred account for each participant. It is unlikely that the Fire District would use plan assets to satisfy claims of the general creditors in the future.

NOTE 4-PURCHASE OF FIRE HALL

During 1983, the Minotola Volunteer Fire Company (an entity independent of the Board of Commissioners-Boro of Buena Fire District Number 2) purchased land and constructed a fire hall in which the Board of Commissioners of Boro of Buena Fire District Number 2 could utilize. This asset is deeded to Minotola Volunteer Fire Company. The Board of Commissioners have included the cost of this building within its general fixed asset account group (Schedule 1).

NOTE 5-RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During 2012, Minotola Volunteer Fire Company had repair services performed on its' vehicles provided by its' Treasurer, John Gallo. These services were provided by "Little John's Garage" and amounted to \$3,011.

NOTE 6-LENGTH OF SERVICE AWARD PROGRAMS

The Fire District's Length of Service Awards Program ("LOSAP") was created by a Fire District Resolution adopted on December 9, 1998 pursuant to Section 457 (e)(I1)(13) of the Internal Revenue Service Code of 1986, as amended, except for provisions added by reason of the Length of Service Award Program as enacted into federal law in 1997. The voters of the Fire District No. 2 of the Boro of Buena approved the adoption of the Plan at the annual election held on February 17, 2001 and the first year of eligibility for entrance into the Plan by qualified volunteers was calendar year 2001. The Plan provides tax deferred income benefits pursuant to Emergency Services Volunteer Length of Service Award Program Act P.L. 1997, c.388.

Amounts deferred under Section 457 plans must be held in trust for the exclusive benefit of participating volunteers and not be accessible by the Fire District or its creditors.

NOTE 7-SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Company has evaluated subsequent events through May 25, 2013, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE 8-FAIR VALUES MEASUREMENTS

FAS 157 emphasizes that fair value is a market-based measurement, not an entity-specific measurement. The Statement applies under other accounting pronouncements that require or permit fair value measurements and does not require any new fair value measurements. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between parties at a specific date. As a basis for considering the assumptions used in measuring fair value FAS 157 establishes a fair value hierarchy that distinguishes between (1) market participant assumptions and (2) the reporting entity's own assumptions. The fair value hierarchy prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into the following three broad levels:

BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS FIRE DISTRICT NUMBER TWO Boro of Buena, Atlantic County Minotola Volunteer Fire Company

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 8-FAIR VALUES MEASUREMENTS (CONTINUED)

Level 1 Inputs: This level uses quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity has the ability to access at the measurement date.

Level 2 Inputs: This level uses inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 Inputs: This level uses inputs that are unobservable for the asset or liability. Situations where there is little, if any, market activity for the asset or liability at the measurement date.

At December 31, 2012 the entity had no assets or liabilities that required disclosure under FAS 157.

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A Professional Association

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

REGISTERED MUNICIPAL ACCOUNTANTS
FINANCIAL CONSULTANTS

William J. Martini, Sr., CPA William J. Martini, Jr., CPA, RMA, MS* John R. Martini, CPA, CFP

*Certified in NJ & PA with a Masters Degree in Taxation

May 25, 2013

The Board of Commissioners Fire District Number Two Boro of Buena, Atlantic County Minotola Volunteer Fire Company

We have examined the financial statements of the Board of Commissioners Fire District Number Two as of and for the year ended December 31, 2012 and have issued our report thereon dated May 25, 2013. As part of our examination we made a study and evaluation of the system of internal accounting control of the Fire District Number Two to the extent we deemed necessary to evaluate the system as required by auditing standards generally accepted in the U.S.A.

The purpose of our study and evaluation was to determine the nature, timing, and extent of performing the auditing procedures for expressing an opinion on the financial statements. Our study and evaluation was more limited than would be necessary to express an opinion on the system of internal accounting control taken as a whole.

The management of the Fire District Number Two is responsible for establishing and maintaining a system on internal accounting control. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of control procedures. The objectives of a system are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements.

Because of the inherent limitations in any system of internal accounting control, errors or irregularities may nevertheless occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of the system to future periods is subject to the risk that procedures may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the degree of compliance with the procedures may deteriorate.

Our study and evaluation made for the purpose described in the second paragraph would not necessarily disclose all material weaknesses in the system. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the system of accounting control of the Fire District Number Two taken as a whole.

These conditions were considered in determining the nature, timing and extent of audit tests to be applied in our examination of the financial statements, and this report does not affect our December 31, 2011 report on the financial statements dated May 25, 2013.

This report is intended solely for the use of management and the Division of Local Government Services and should not be used for any other purpose.

Martin + Hartin